

State of Utah

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MICHAEL R. STYLER Executive Director

Division of Oil, Gas and Mining

JOHN R. BAZA
Division Director

April 21, 2015

Jon Rhine Interstate Brick Company 188 King Street Unit 509 San Francisco, California 94107-4905

Subject: Denial of Partial Bond Release, Interpace Brick Company, Clinton Clay Pit,

M/49/0006, Utah County, Utah

Dear Mr. Rhine:

The Division of Oil, Gas and Mining denies your request, received March 27, 2015, for full release of the remaining reclamation surety for the Clinton Clay pit. It was determined during an inspection conducted April 20, 2015, that the vegetation does not meet the required standards under R647-4-111.13. Specifically, the vegetation has not achieved 70 percent of the premining vegetation ground cover or 70 percent of the cover in adjacent areas, it has not yet survived three growing seasons, the Division has not determined that revegetation work has been completed within practical limits, and much of the vegetation does not support the postmining land use because of noxious weeds.

The inspectors noted stands of three listed noxious weed species, Dalmatian toadflax (*Linaria dalmatica*), Scotch thistle (*Onopordum acanthium*), and musk thistle (*Carduus nutans*), and individuals of a proposed noxious weed, myrtle spurge (*Euphorbia myrsinites*). The Division suggests that you contact the Utah County weed supervisor at 801-851-8600 or the Utah State University Extension office at 801-851-8460 for information about controlling these weeds. Dalmatian toadflax is normally controlled through herbicides applied in the fall, but control of the other species should be done as soon as possible.

The Division recognizes that complete eradication of these species will be difficult to impossible but expects Interpace Brick to make a concerted effort to control the populations as much as possible. Please document the efforts you make and provide this information in the annual report. The information provided should show methods used (herbicide, mechanical, or other), timing, and time spent.



Page 1 Jon Rhine M/049/0006 April 20, 2015

Please re-submit the Application for Site and/or Bond Release found on the Division's Web site at www.ogm.utah.gov/minerals after two more growing seasons (fall of 2016). The Division will then re-inspect the site and make a further determination whether the site meets the revegetation standards. Please contact April Abate at 801-538-5214 or me at 801-538-5261 if you have any questions or concerns regarding this letter.

Sincerely,

Paul B. Baker

Minerals Program Manager

PBB:aa:pb

Enclosure: Inspection Report

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SPENCER J. COX

Lieutenant Governor

10. Other

State of Utah

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

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Division of Oil, Gas and Mining JOHN R. BAZA

Division Director

Minerals Inspection Report

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Report Date: 04/20/2015

Mine Name: Clinton Clay Pit	Permit Number:	M/49/0006	Mine Status:	Reclaimed
Operator Name: Interpace Holdings LLC	Inspection Date:	4/20/2015	Permit Fees:	No Fee Req.
Inspector(s): A. Abate, Lynn Kunzler	Inspection Time:	11:00 AM	Bond Amount:	\$37,500
Attendee(s): none	Weather:	Sunny 60s	Bond Escalation:	8/10/2015
Inspection Purpose: Bond Release Inspection			Prior Inspection:	11/05/2014

Conclusions and Recommendations

The operator applied for final bond release on March 27, 2015. Seeding was completed in the Fall of 2013. The operator requested a final bond release inspection for the remaining reclamation surety held for vegetation standards. The Division performed the inspection after only one growing season. R647-4-111 States that revegetation requirements include adaptable perennial species that will grow on the site, provide basic soil and watershed protection and support post-mining land use. Revegatation is considered achieved when 70 % of the premining vegetatitive cover is present on the site which is generally at least 3 growing seasons. Vegetation standards have not been achieved. Final bond release cannot be approved at this time

	Elements of Inspection	Evaluated & Commented	Enforcement
1.	Permits, Revisions, Transfer, Bonds		
2.	Public Safety (shafts, adits, trash, signs, highwalls)		
3.	Protection of Drainages/Erosion Control		
4.	Deleterious Material		
5.	Roads (maintenance, surfacing, dust control, safety)		
6.	Reclamation	\boxtimes	
	Reclamation activities were completed this site during the fall of 2013. This inspection took growing season.	place at the beginning of th	e second
7.	Backfilling/Grading (trenches, pits, roads, highwalls, shafts)		
8.	Soils		
9.	Revegetation	\boxtimes	
	Slopes on the north end of the former mine nit (southeast facing) only had an estimated cover	erage of 7% Several noviou	is weeds were

Slopes on the north end of the former mine pit (southeast facing) only had an estimated coverage of 7%. Several noxious weeds v present on these slopes including Dalmatian Toad Flax, Musk Thistle and Scotch Thistle. All are on the Utah Noxious weed list and need to be controlled/eradicated immediately. The former clay stockpile hill had 70% vegetation cover, of which most is sweet clover. While in the seed mix, it is a biannual plant, and would be expected to disappear for the most part within another year. It is expected that this area would meet standards by the end of the third growing season. There were a few thistle plants on the lower portion of this hill that should also be spot treated. The flat former staging area had approximately 50% coverage. An adjacent sod pile contained several weeds including Tansy Mustard and needs to be sprayed. The northeast facing slope of the former mine pit contained several dead stands of sweet clover. Coverage in this area was only 10-12%. The west slope which was graded at a 3:1 had lots of forage kochia, sweet clover, and small burnett, but coverage was only 27%. No noxious weeds were noted on this slope. It is likely this area will also meet standards by the end of the third growing season. The pit floor did not appear to have even been ripped by the contractor and vegetation establishment is poor. It may be necessary to rip and reseed this area in order to meet revegetation success standards.

Musk Thistle, Scotch Thistle, and Dalmation Toadflax were observed in clusters throughout the site (mostly on the south-facing
slopes). These are State listed noxious weeds and need to be controlled/eradicated. While the Division does not have specific rules
regarding the control of noxious weeds, we consider them such that they do not "support the post mining land use" (R647-4-111.13)
and are not included in meeting the revegetation cover standard. Therefore it is critical that they be controlled to meet bond release
criteria



Mine: M/49/0006 Inspected: 4/20/2015

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Inspector's Signature:

CC: Jon Rhine, 188 King Street Unit 509, San Francisco, CA 94107-4905

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Page 3 of 4 Inspected: 4/20/2015



View of north slope of the mine. Vegetation had abundant weeds and coverage was only 7%.



Musk thistle weeds close up on north-side slopes.



Former clay stockpile area. Abundant sweet clover present.



Dalmatian toad flax- was present to the north of the road adjacent to the former clay stockpile and is on the Utah Noxious Weed list.



Inspected: 4/20/2015



